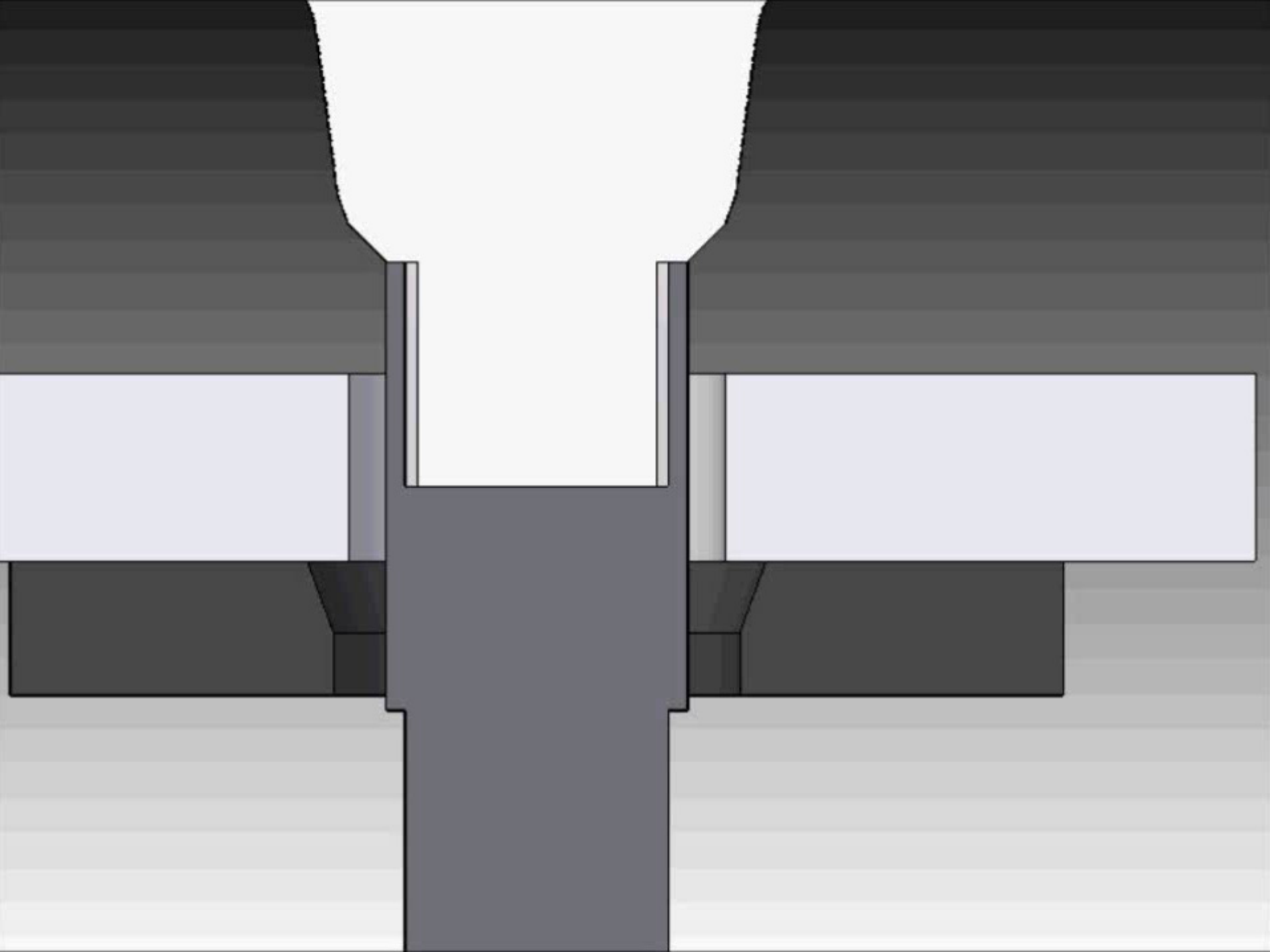


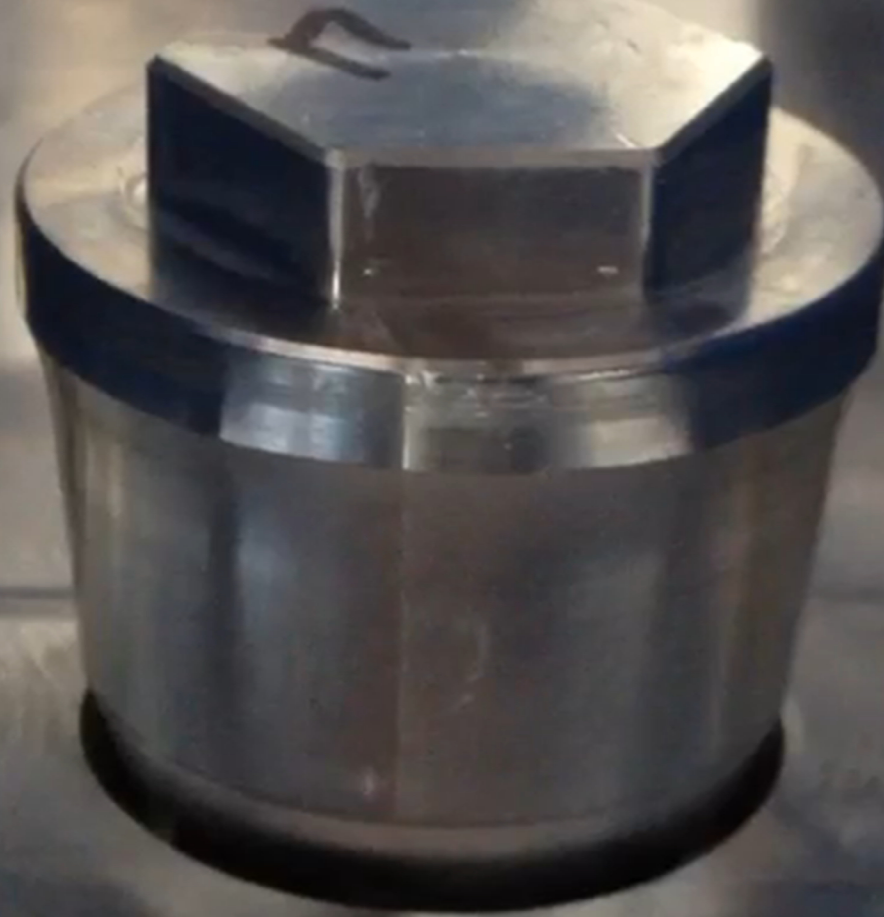


SLS
Space Launch System

A Versatile Methodology that Developed the Friction Pull Plug Welding Process

*Justin Littell
EM32 Welding and Manufacturing Team
February 28, 2017*





Side View

Top View



Side View



- ✓ **Background**
- ✓ **Development**
 - ✓ Try To Fail
- ✓ **Optimization**
 - ✓ Try to Succeed
- ✓ **Current Status**

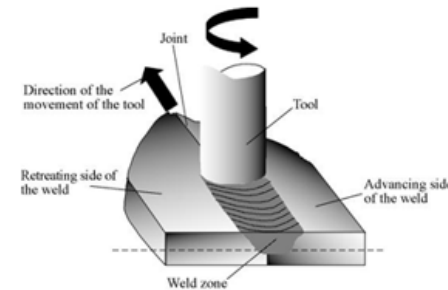
♦ Why plug?

- To Close out Self-Reacting Friction Stir Welds (SR-FSW)
- Risk reduction for repair scenario

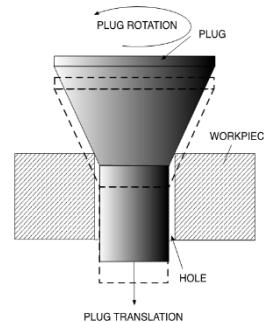
♦ What are the benefits of Friction Pull Plug Welds (FPPW) vs. Fusion?

- Repeatability (Automated process)
- Higher mechanical properties (solid state process)

SR-FSW



FPPW



Fusion



FPPW

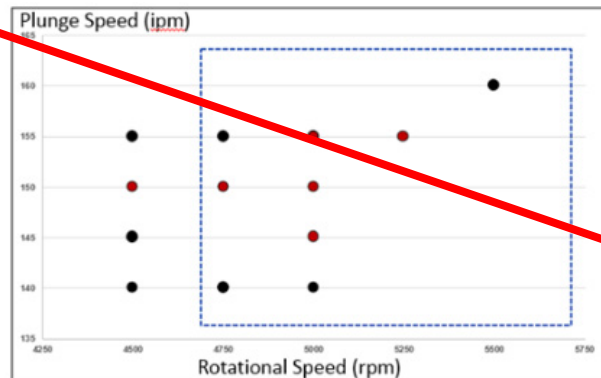


◆ Development Project

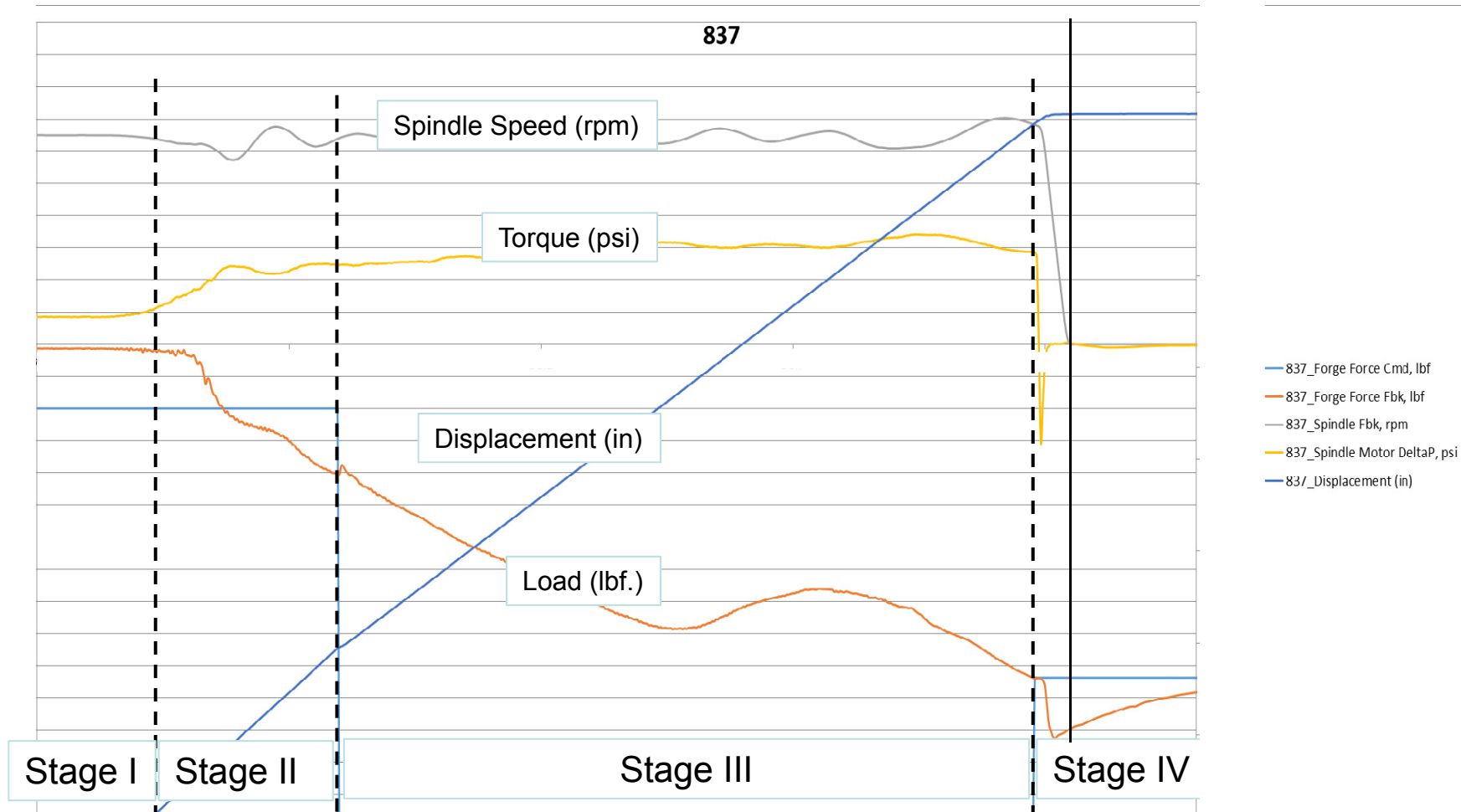
- Current thickness experience: A
- New developmental thickness: $B = A(167\%)$

◆ High Stakes, High Visibility

◆ Previous development methodology



◆ New Development Methodology: Start from scratch and try to fail.



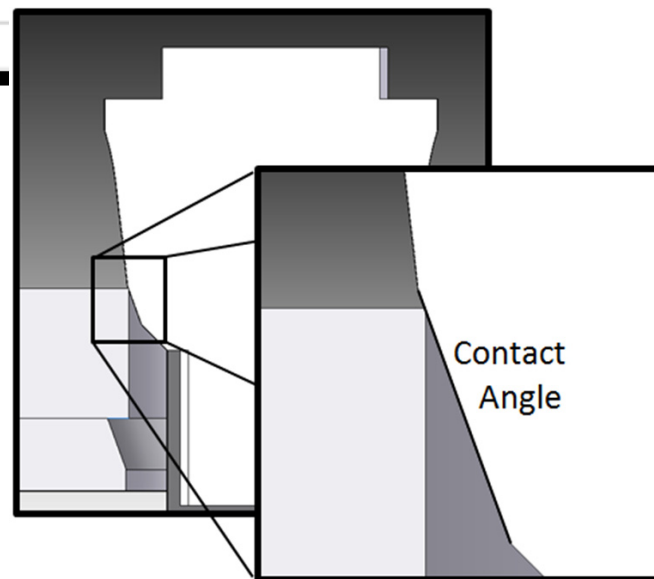
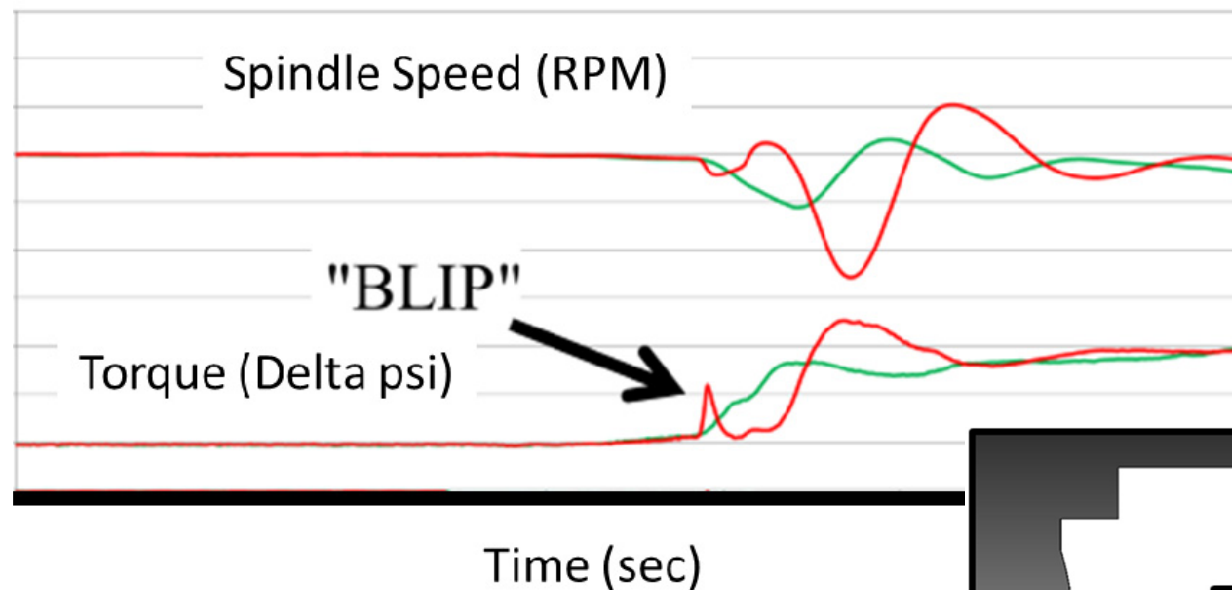
Stage I – Contact (consistency)

Stage II – Torque Management (minimize torque peak and spindle rpm fluctuation)

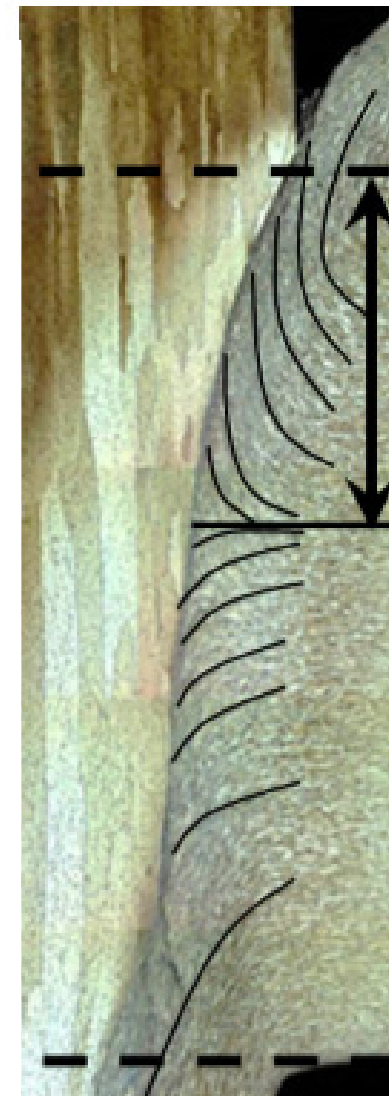
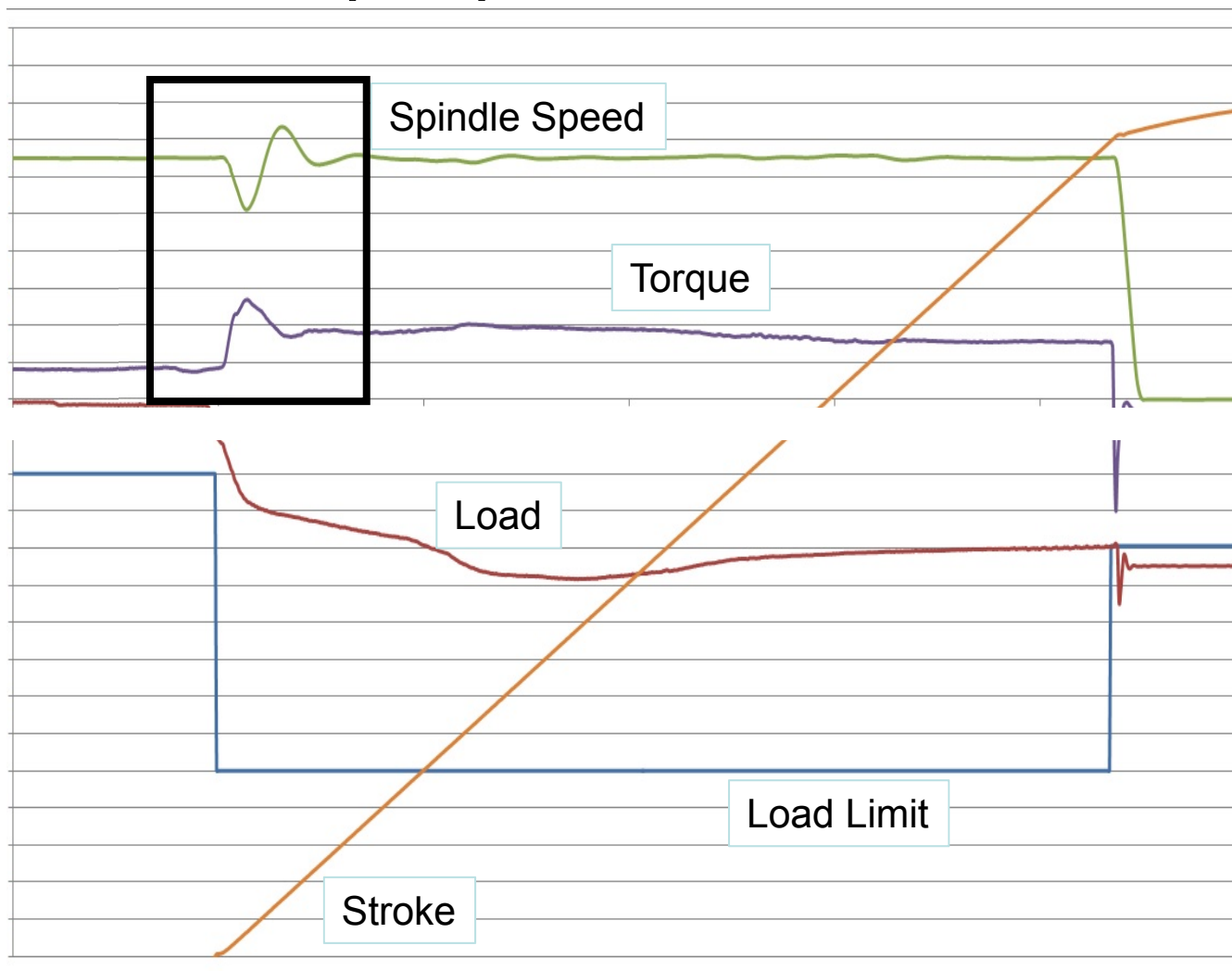
Stage III - Manage Heat input (prevent necking)

Stage IV - Maintain forging pressure (tool dynamics)

- ◆ Greatest obstacle for Stage 1: consistency.
- ◆ Solution: Contact Angle



- ◆ Greatest obstacle for Stage 2: Not stalling the machine.
- ◆ Solution: Two speed process



- ◆ Greatest obstacle for Stage 3: Necking
- ◆ Solution: Larger Plug

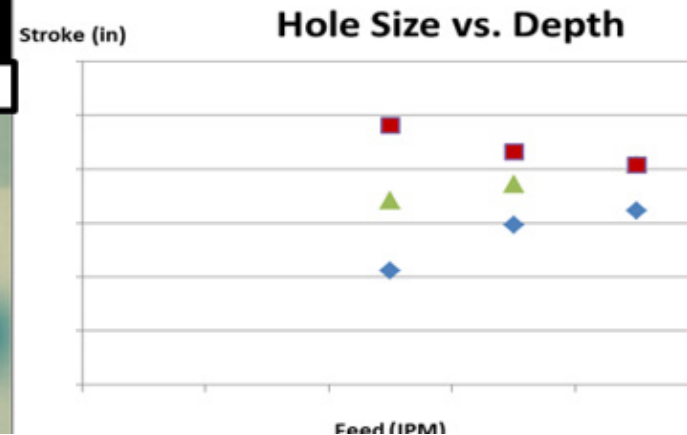
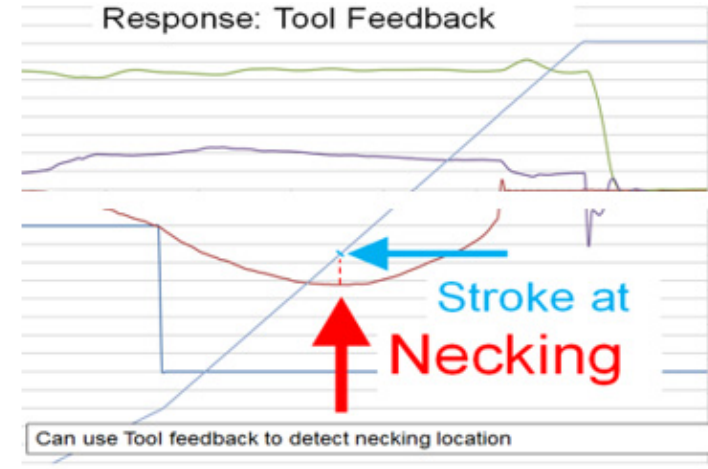


Necking causes the plug to lose its structural integrity



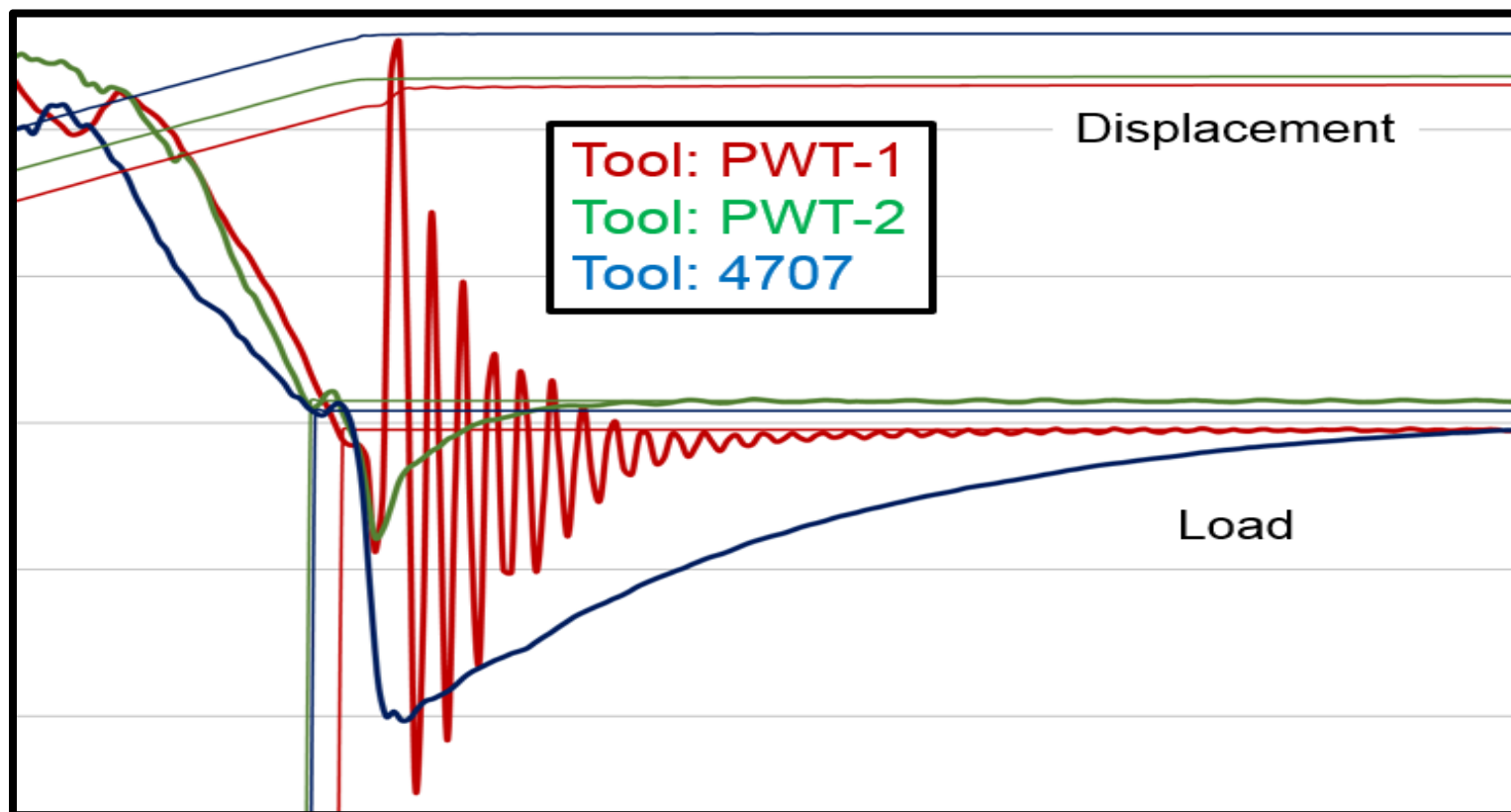
Plug

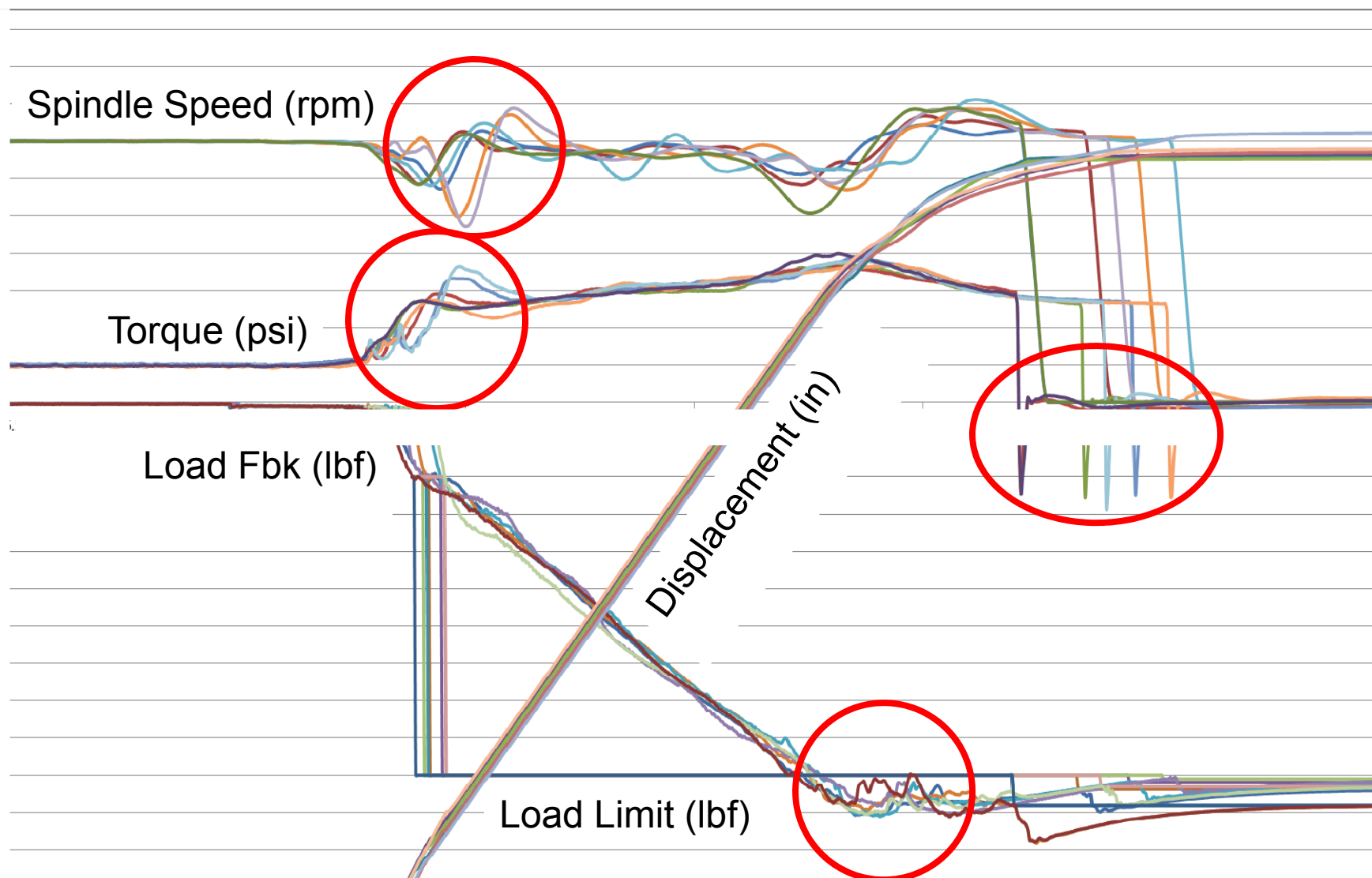
“Necked” Plug



Using the methodology of Tool Feedback and wisdom through failures enabled the project to quantify and overcome the Necking issue

- ◆ **Greatest obstacle for Stage 4: Tool Performance**
- ◆ **Solution: Tuning with respect to process parameters**





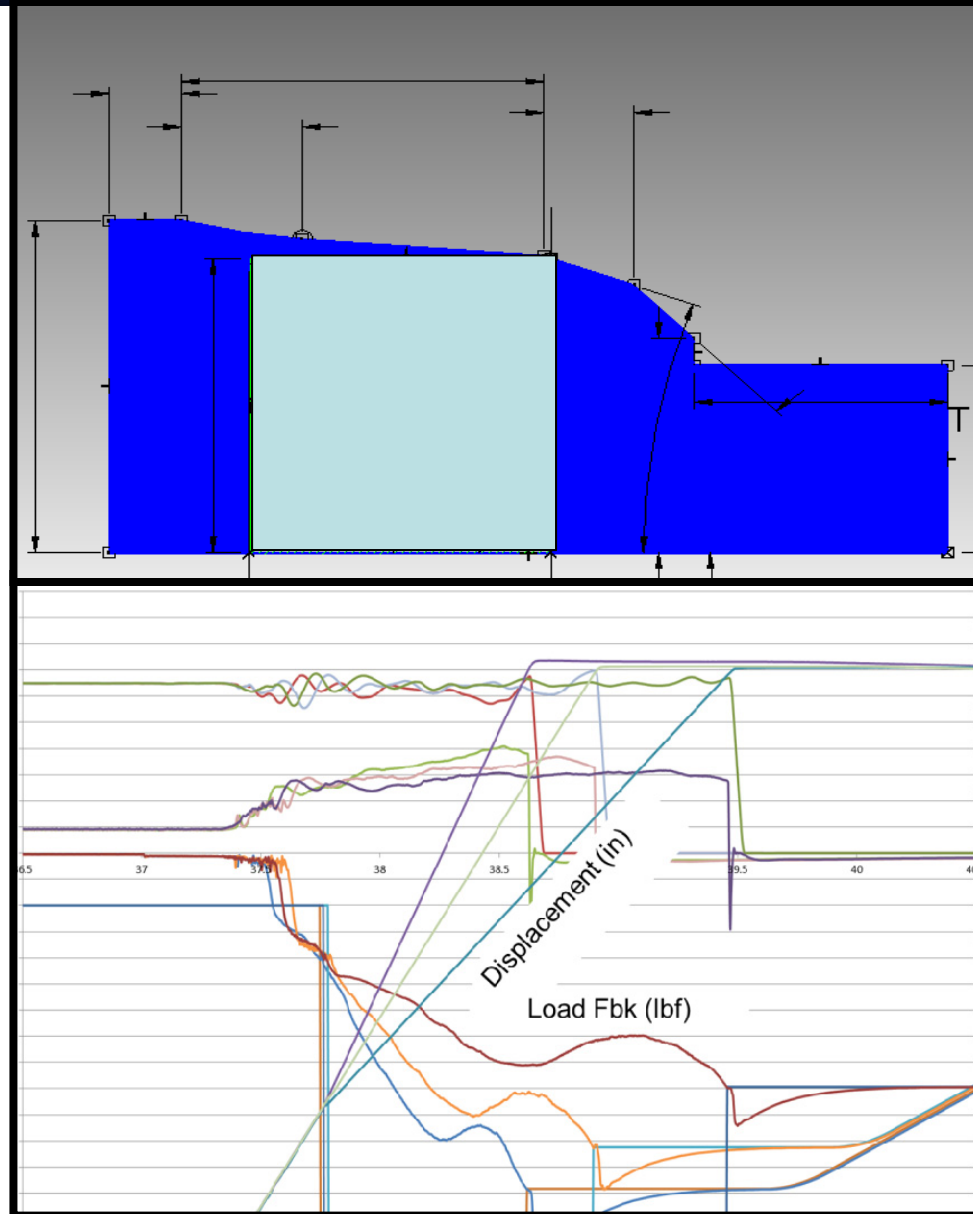
Variability in Spindle Speeds, Torque Humps, Load Limits, Process Durations and Mechanical Test Results

✓ Redesigned the plug

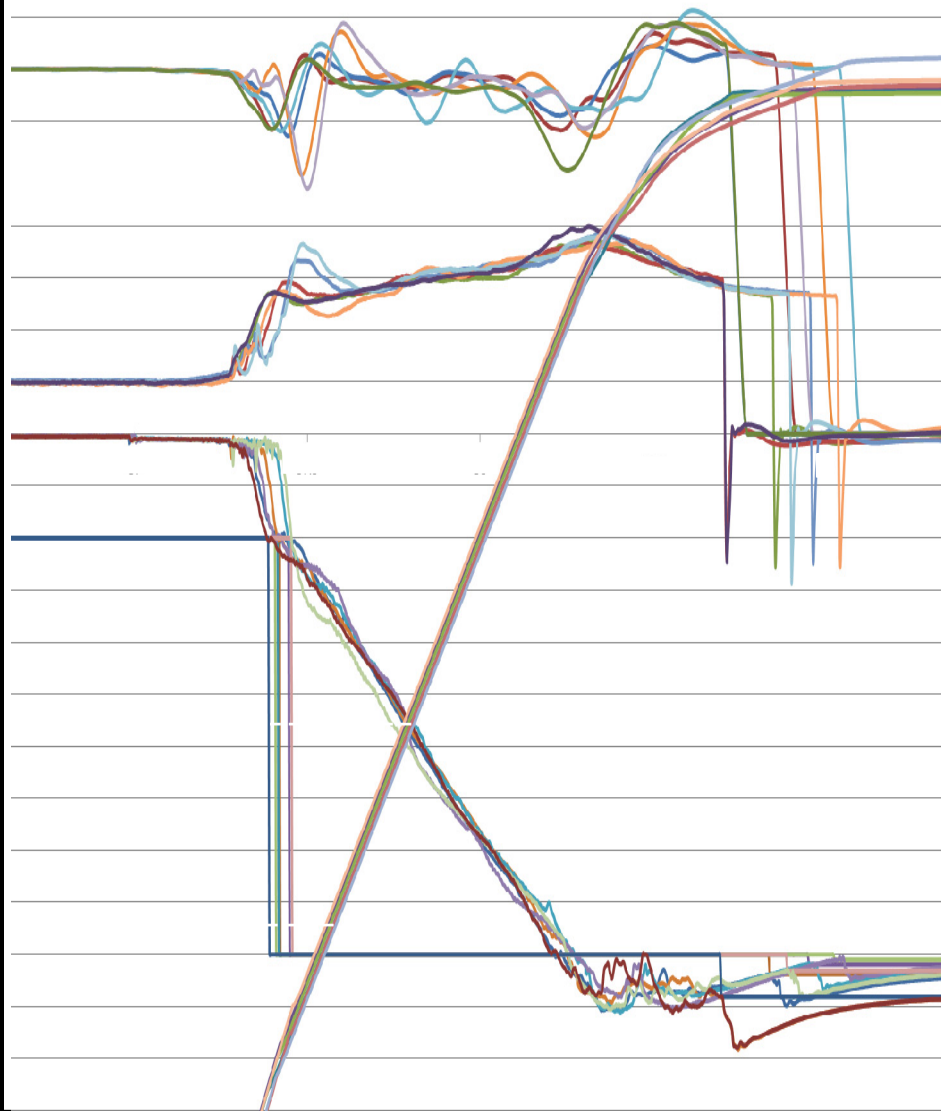
- ✓ Angle
- ✓ Contact angle
- ✓ Diameter
- ✓ Major diameter Radius

✓ Redesigned the Process

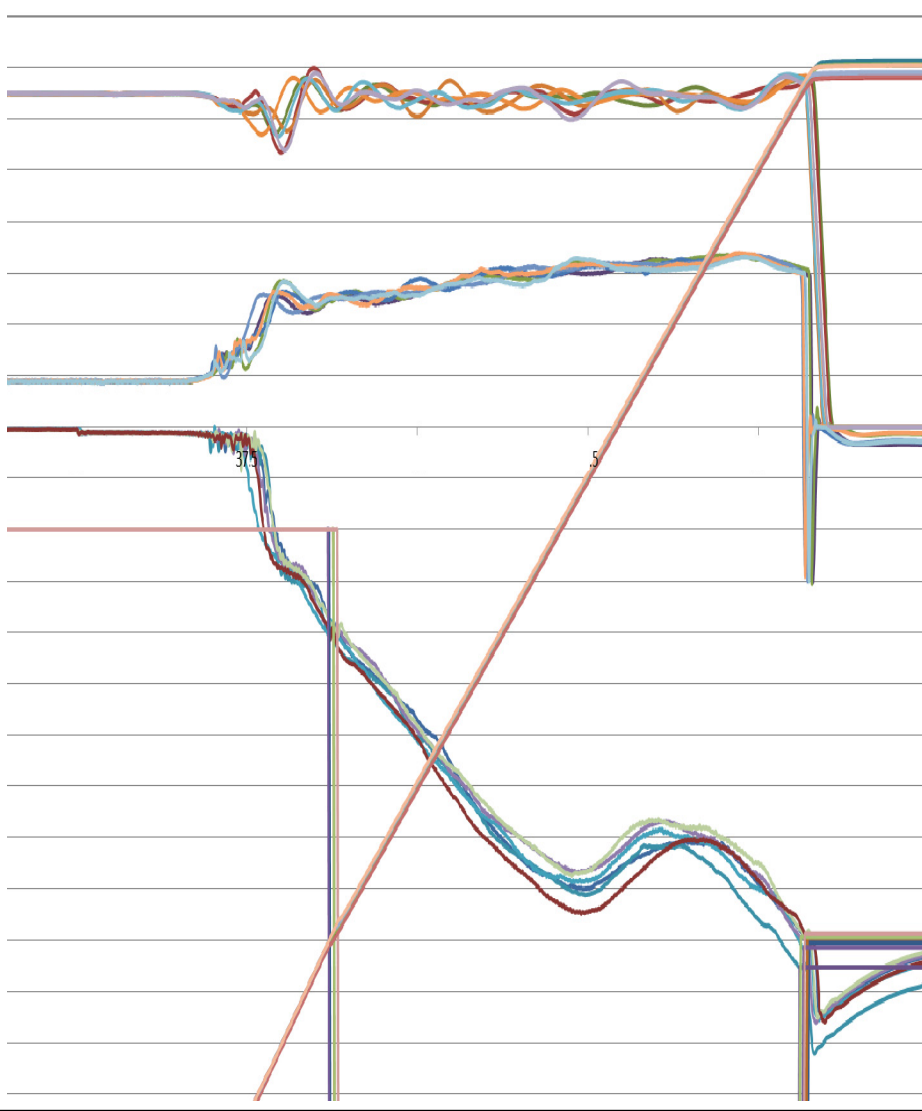
- ✓ Lowered RPMs
- ✓ Changed the trigger load
- ✓ Back calculated the stroke speed based on a desired load
- ✓ Eliminated the load limit



First Attempt



First Iteration



Welding	NDE (Dye-Pen)	Macros	Mechanical Test
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No Stalls • Consistent Tool Feedback 	No defects or even indications	<u>Beautiful</u> No Melting, Inclusions, Voids or Cracks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Plugs as Strong as the Initial Welds • No specimen width effects • LN2 Cryo ENH of 1.2 • LH2 Cryo ENH of 1.4



Incomparably Great Results!

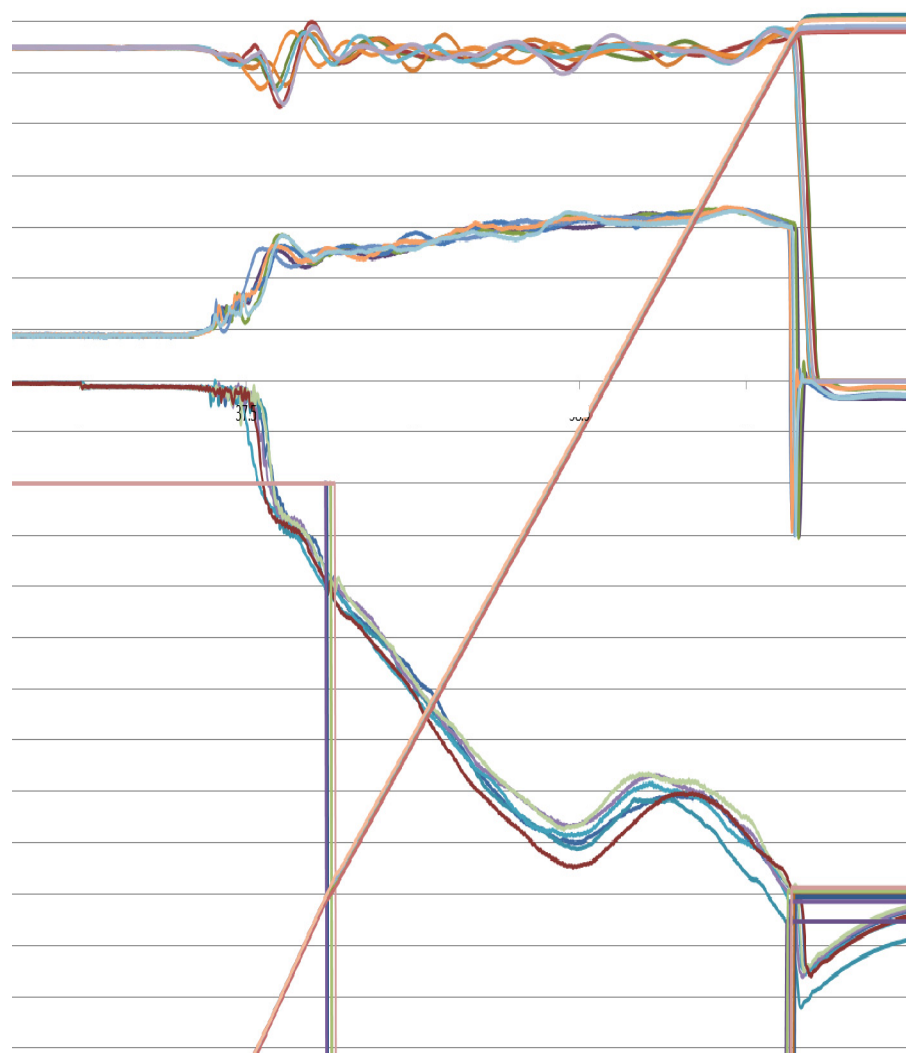
- ◆ **Took this process from scratch to Implemented on the SLS Rocket within two years.**
- ◆ **Applying this same versatile development methodology to investigate the Self Reacting Friction Stir Weld Process.**

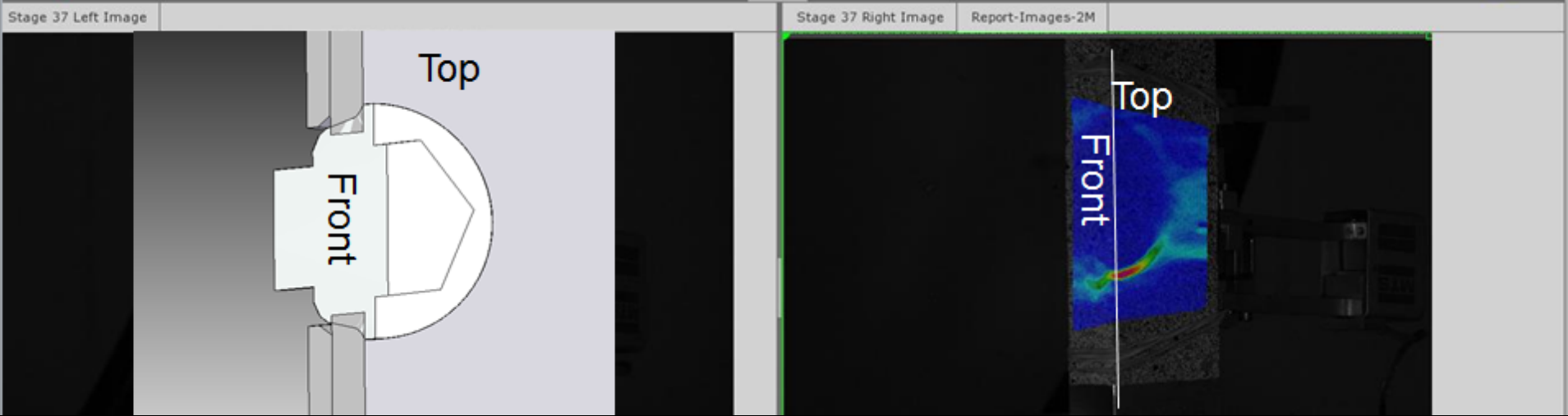
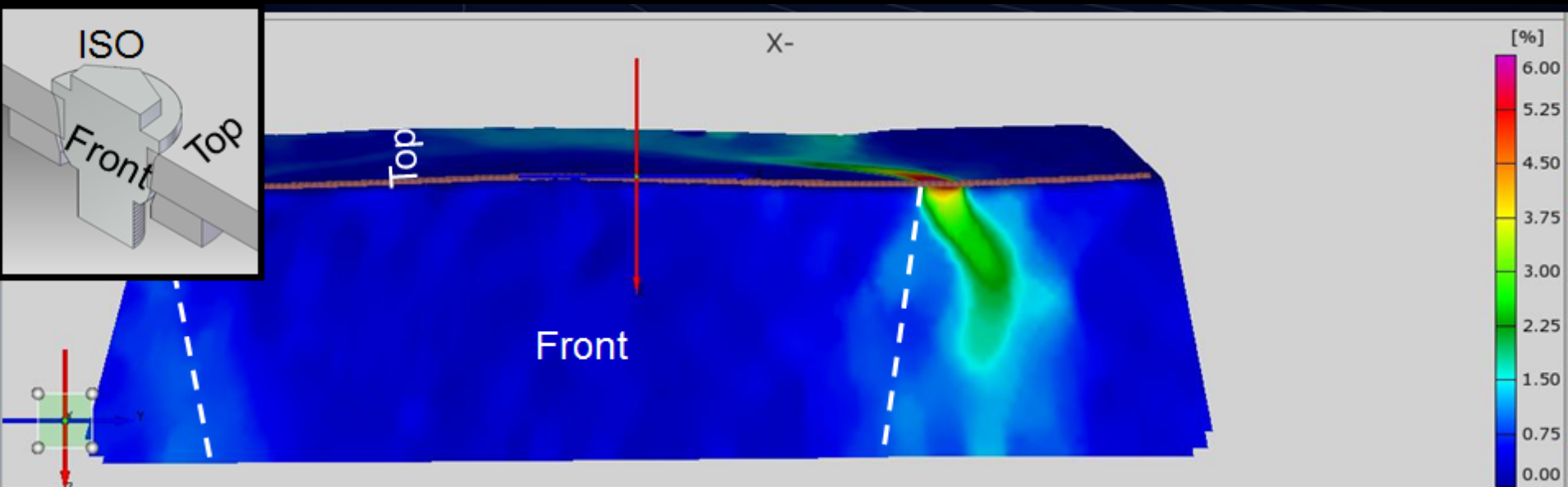
Backup

Using only Mechanical Test Methodology

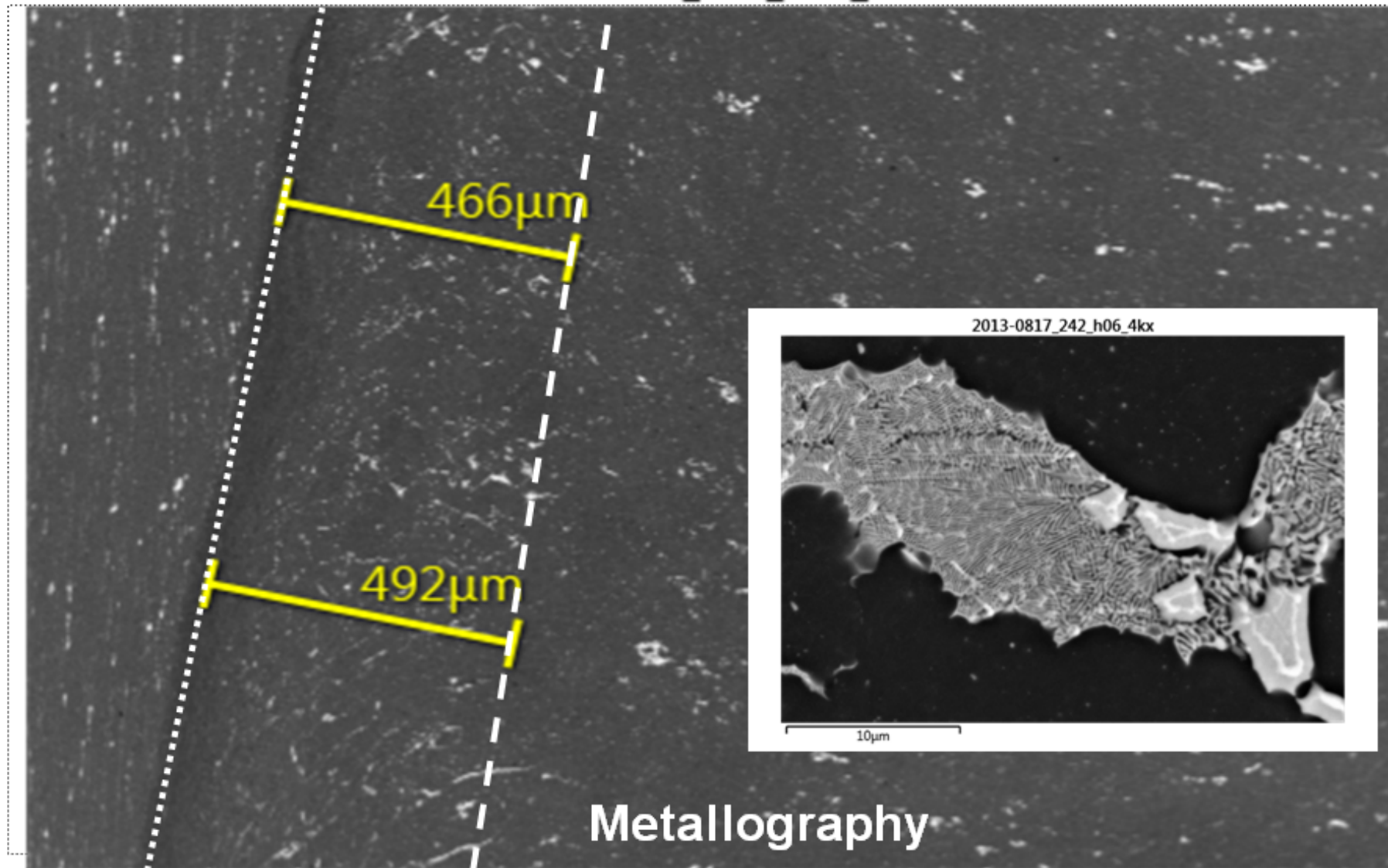


Using Tool Feedback Methodology

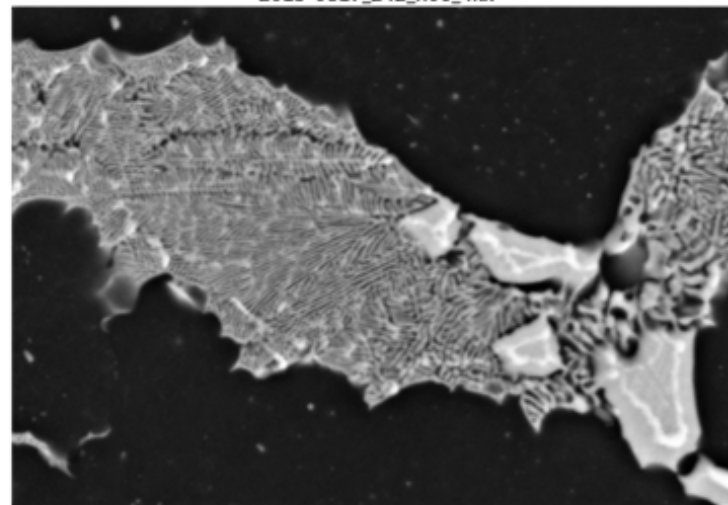




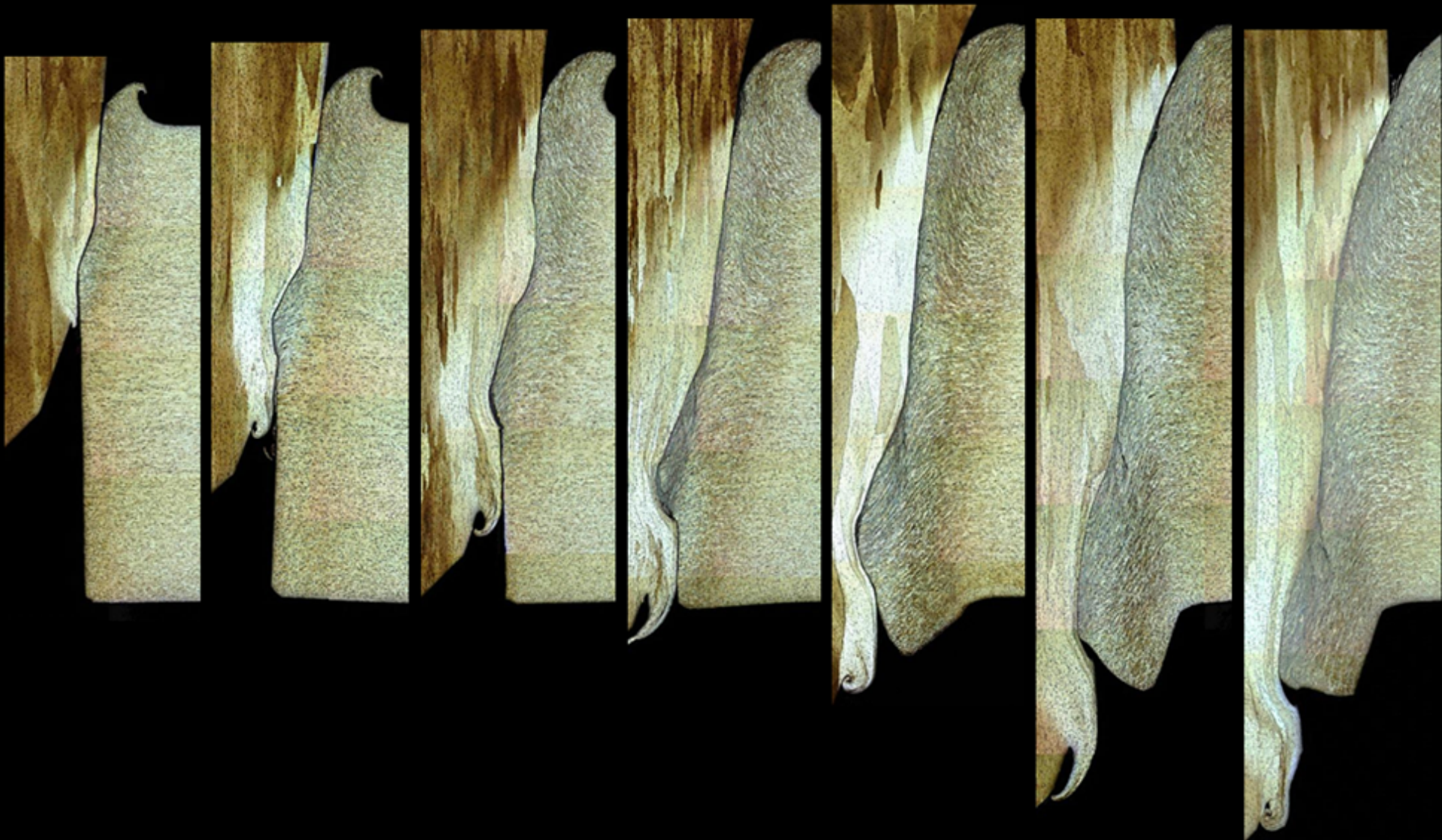
2013-0817_242_h04_60x



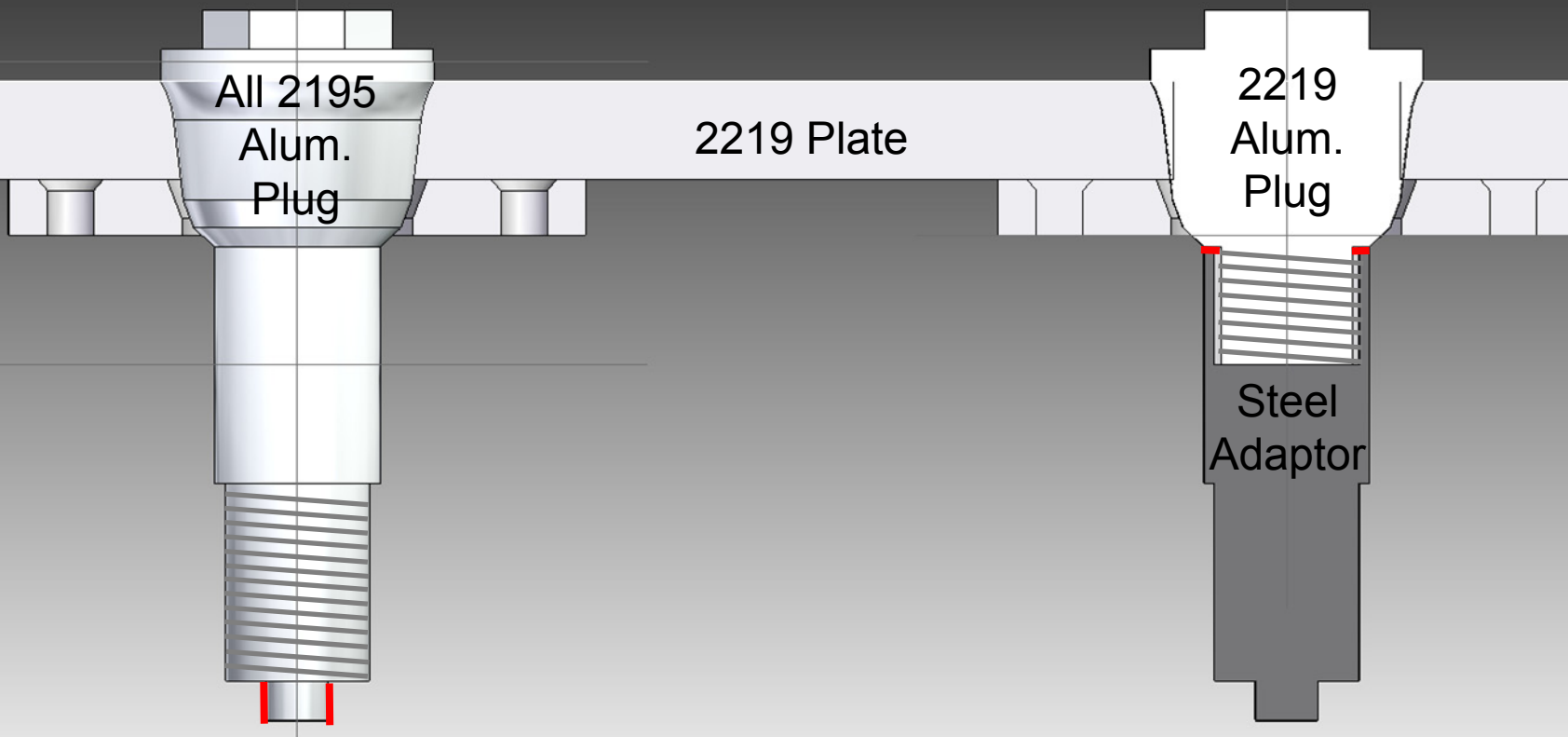
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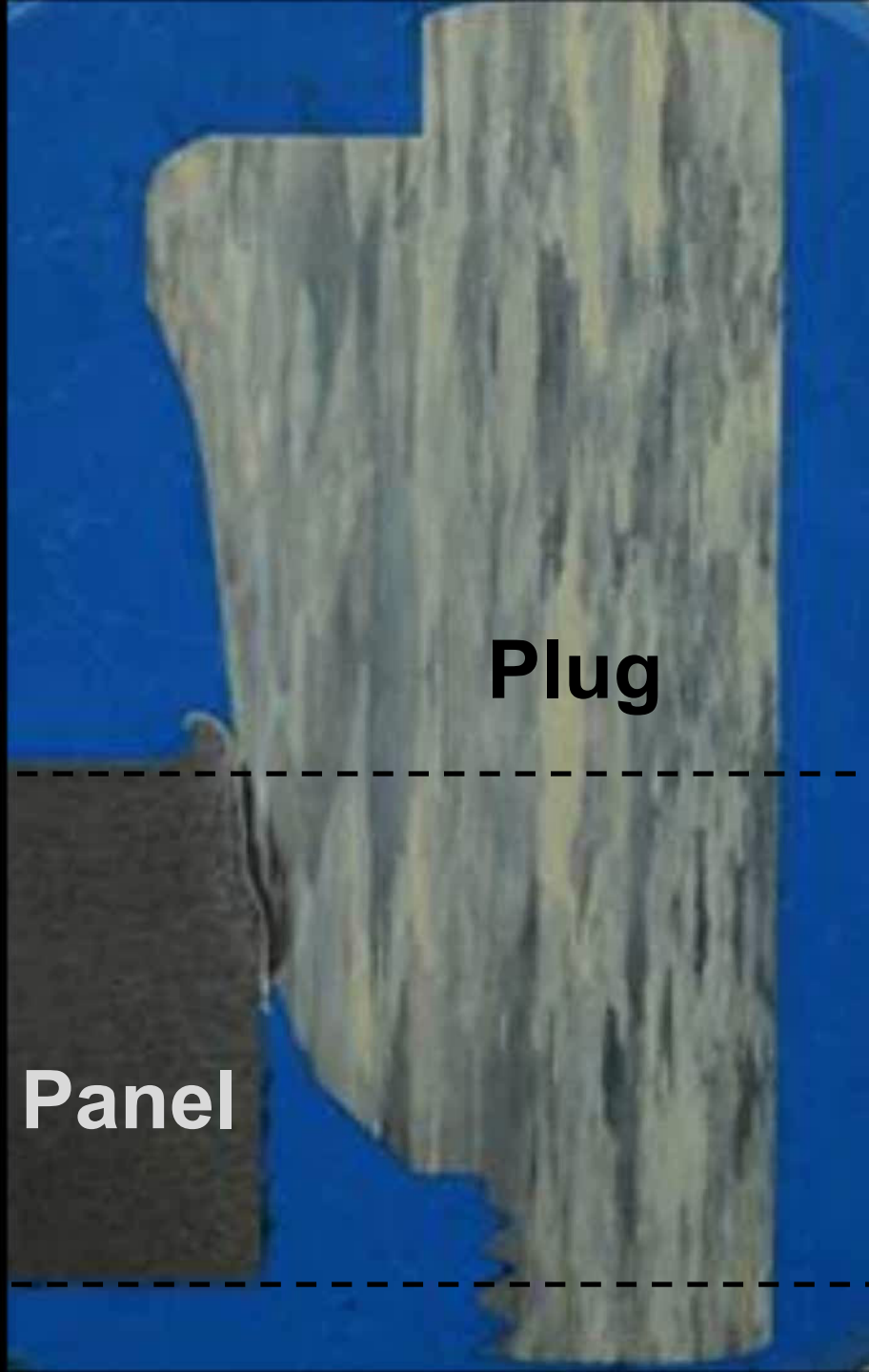
Metallography



New (reverse engineered) Plug Design

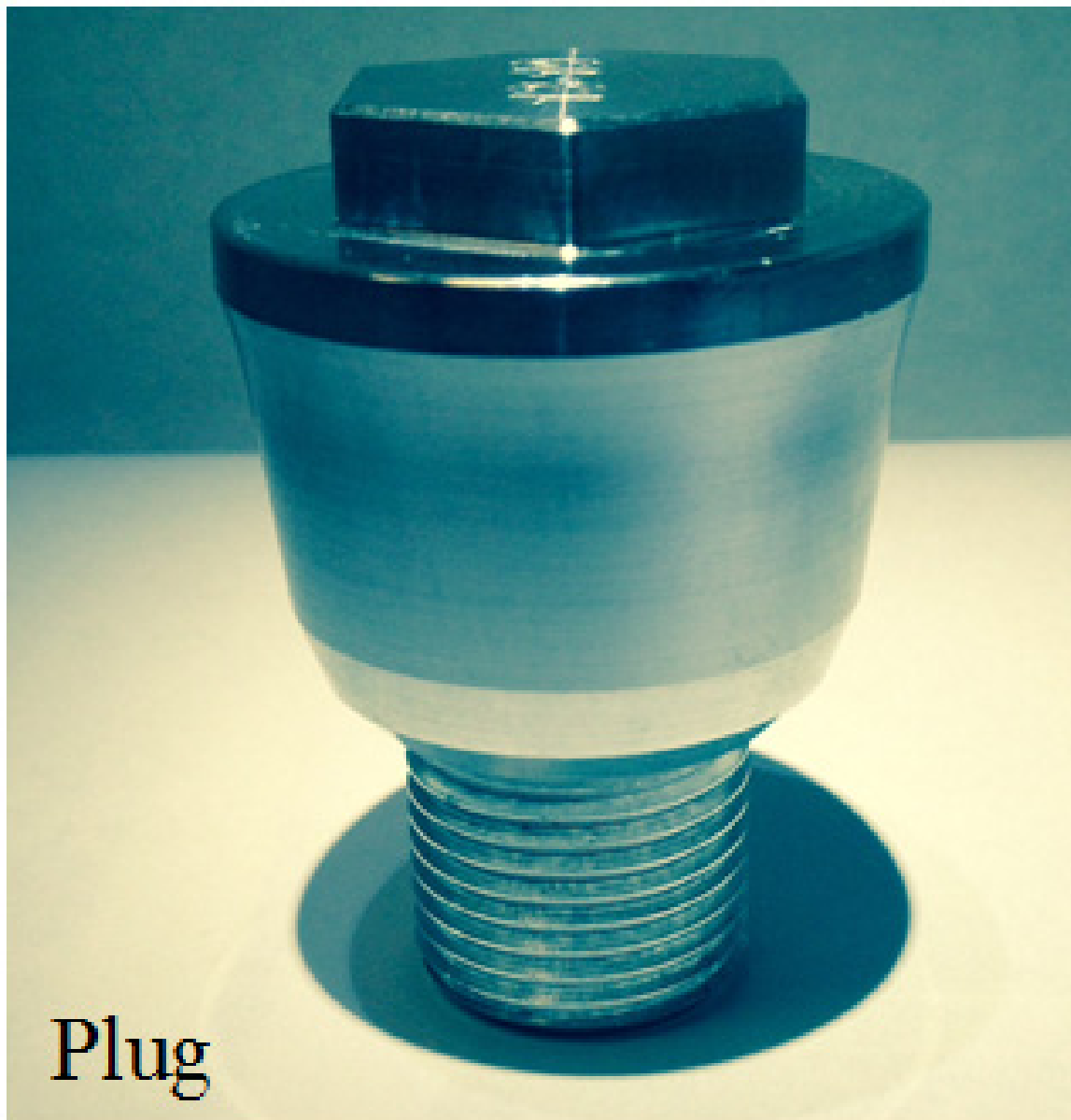


Used a steel adaptor instead of a solid aluminum plug.
Replaced the 2195 material with 2219 material for the plug and.



Plug

Panel

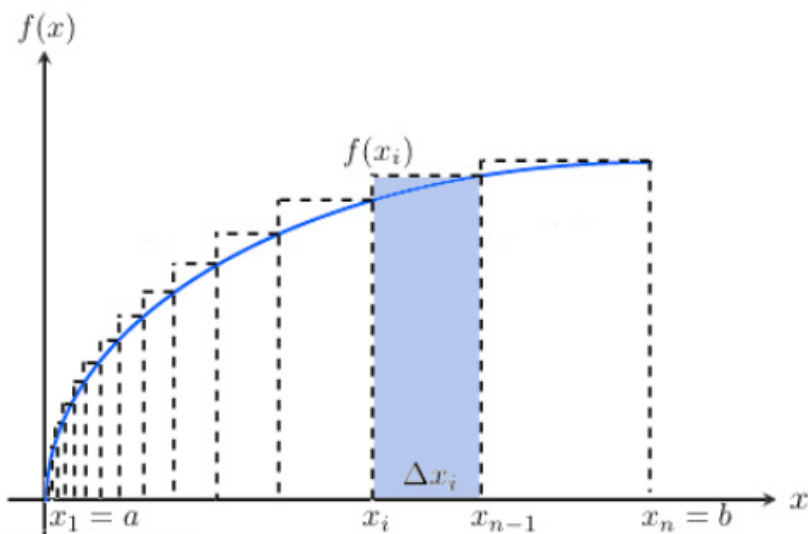
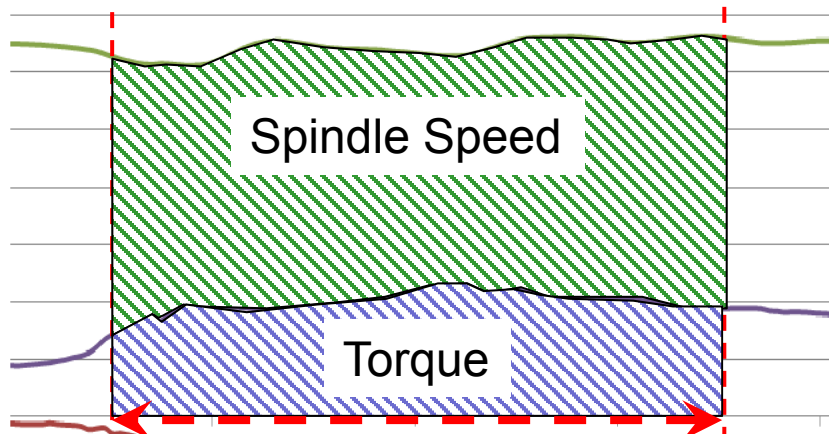


Plug



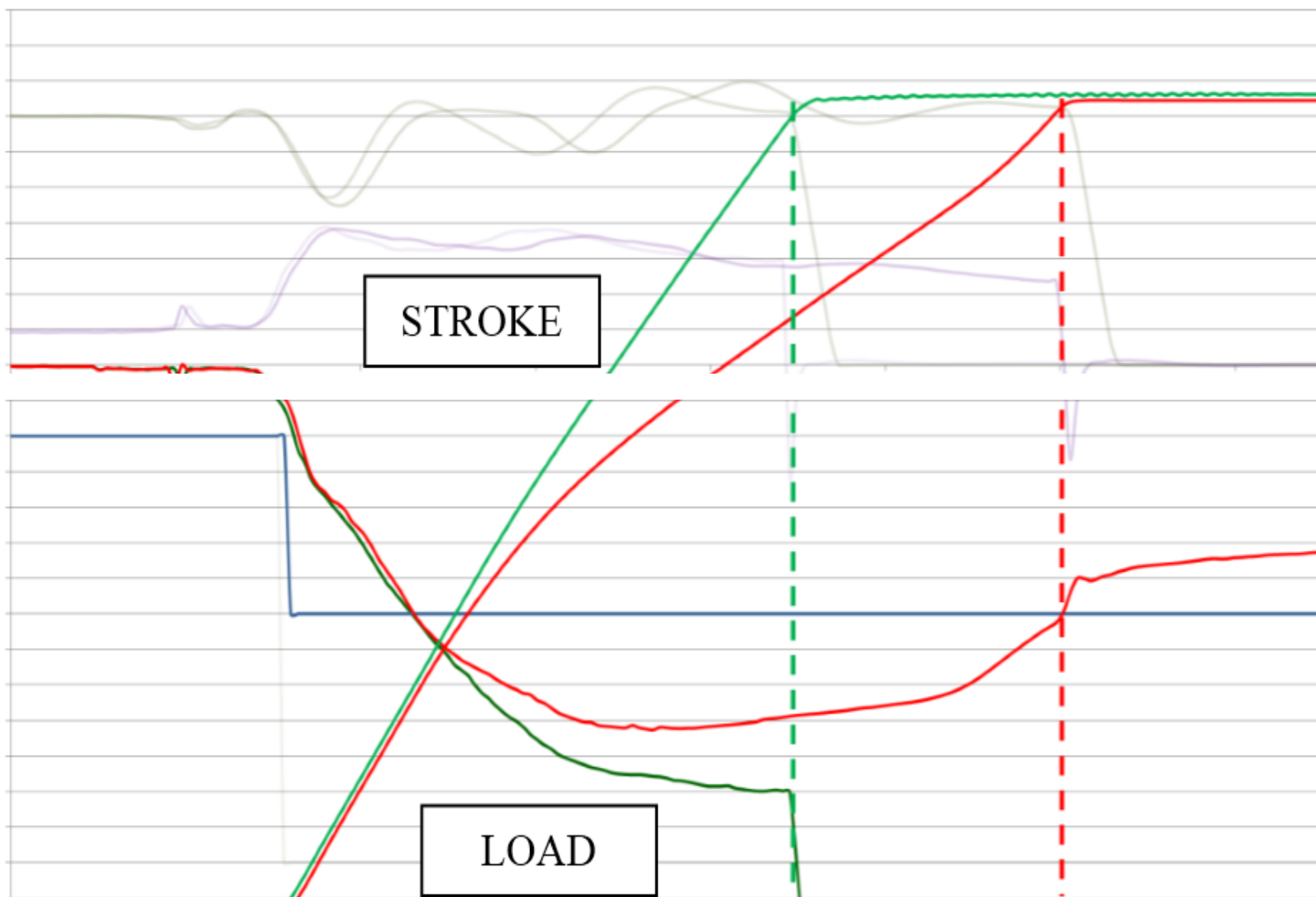
“Necked” Plug

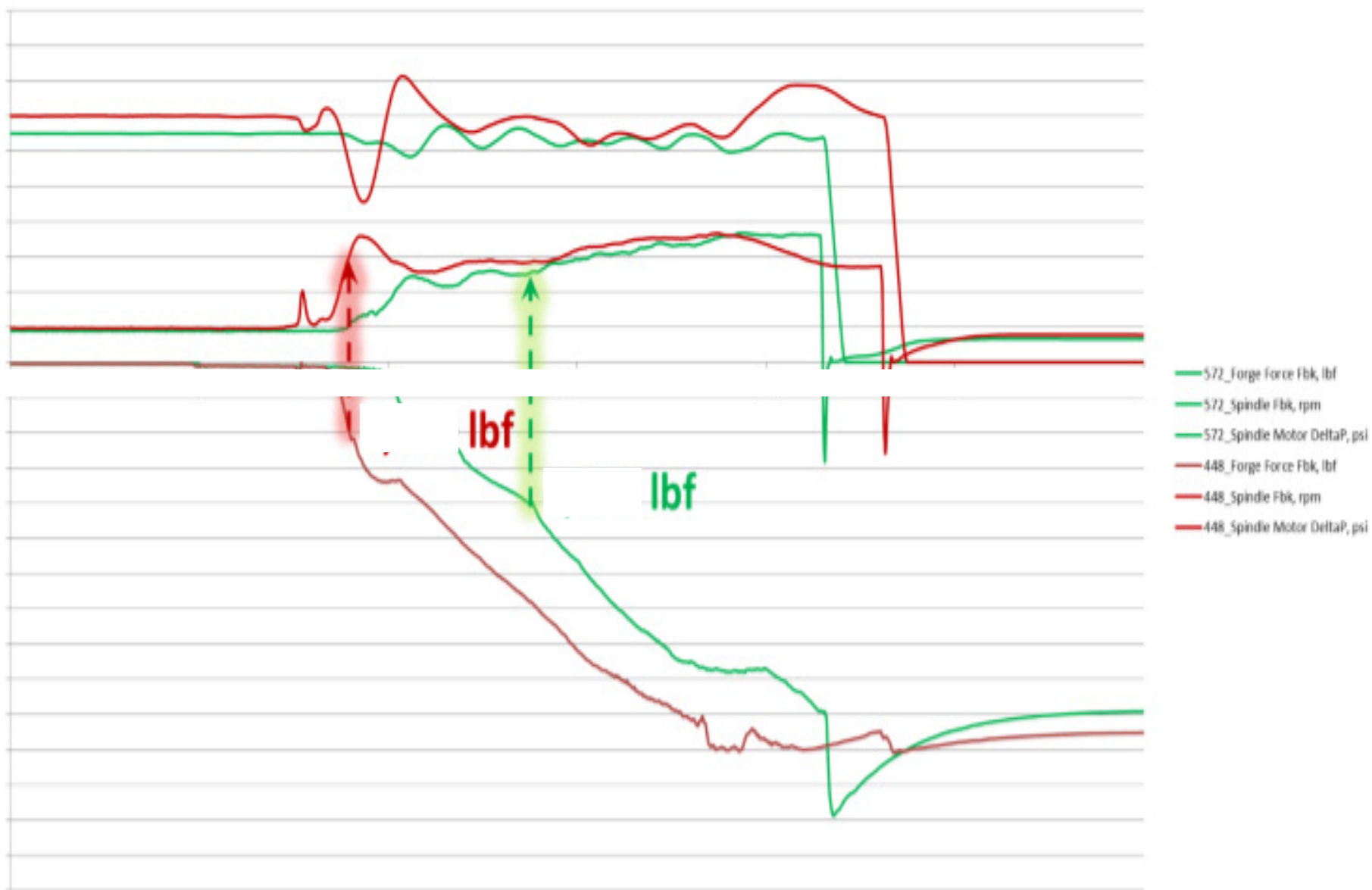
$$\Delta E = (\tau \times \omega) t$$



$$\text{Area under curve } f(x) = \int_a^b f(x) dx = F(b) - F(a) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n f(x_i) \Delta x_i$$

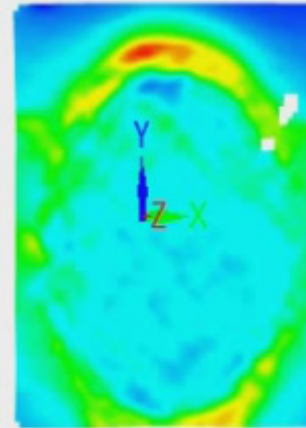
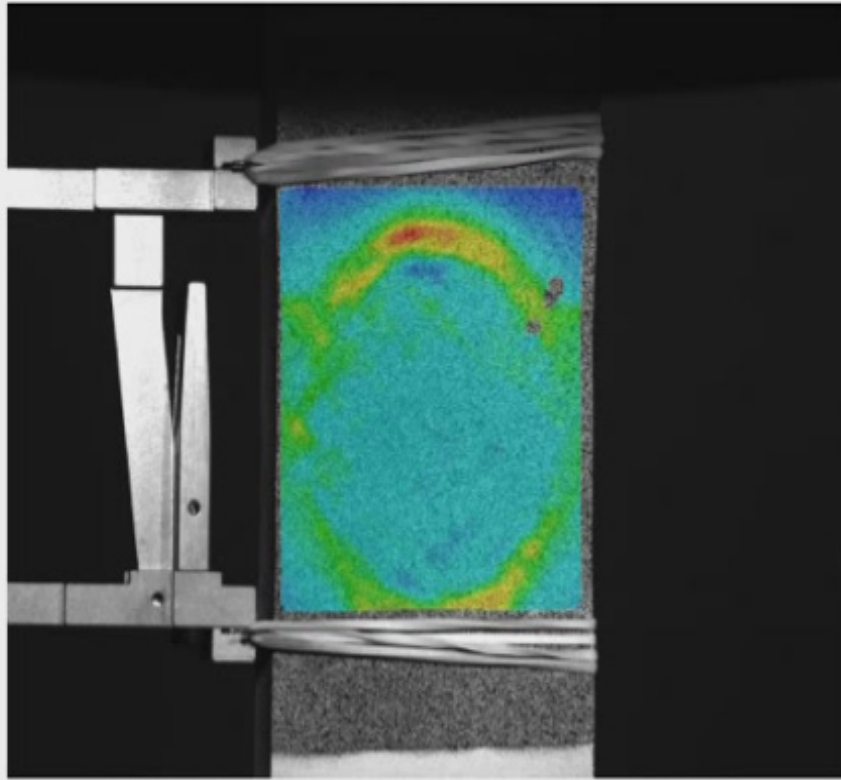
(method of exhaustion)

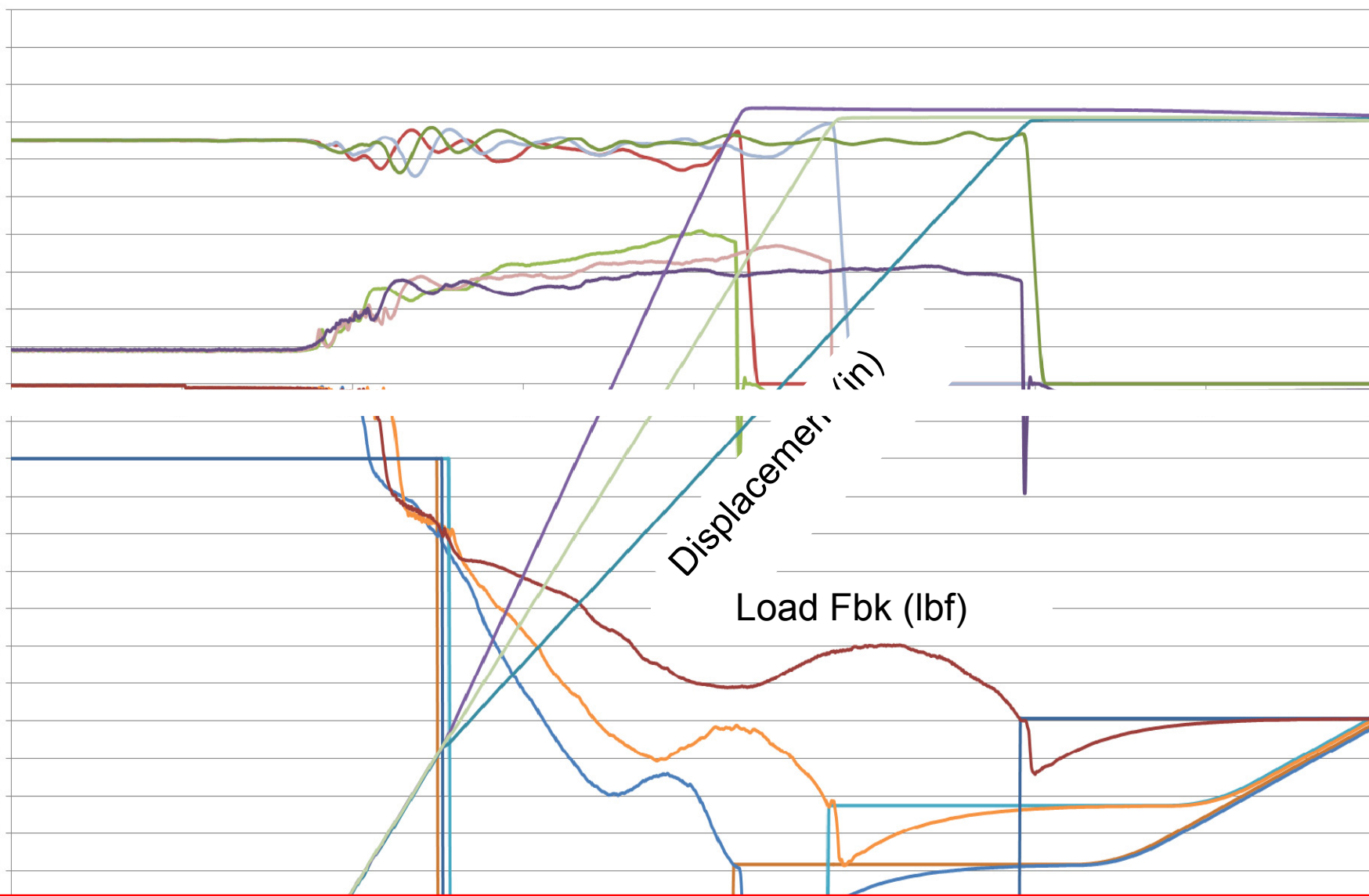




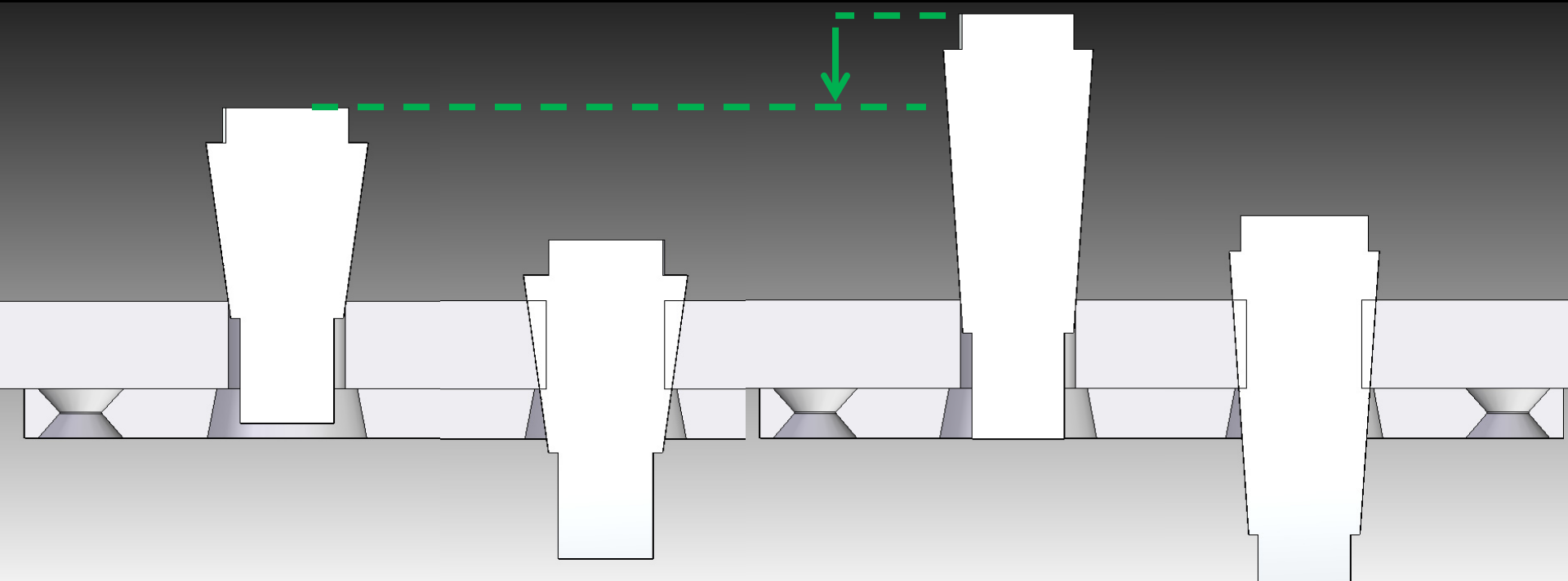
Mechanical Test with Aramis

Major Strain

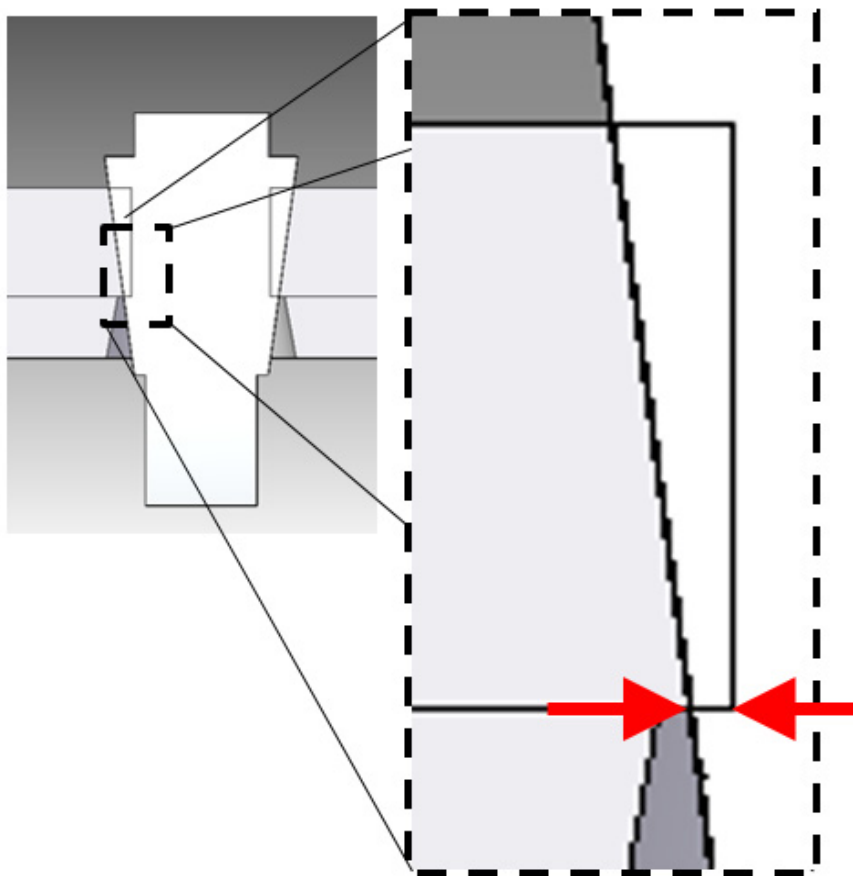




Able to Back Engineer the process.



A smaller angled plug requires greater stroke for same minor diameter ligament



$$lig_{min} = (Displacement - Plate Thickness) \times \tan(Plug Angle)$$

The smaller the angle the greater the stroke for the same minor diameter ligament

Bond Specimens

